

BRITISH LABOR DEPOSES RAMSAY MACDONALD

Current Events

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

THE civil war in China has taken a dramatic turn with the betrayal of the revolution by Chiang-Kai-Shek and the right wing elements of which he is the leader. The workers and peasants who do not relish the idea of substituting a new set of imperialist tools for the northern militarists are determined to carry on the struggle for a free China.

FROM now on Chiang-Kai-Shek who was the object of considerable abuse from the capitalist press will be praised and petted. He has bowed the knee to Baal and taken the thirty pieces of imperial silver. This is the classical way of describing treason for a cash consideration since Judas turned over his leader to the Romans, according to history or mythology. Chiang-Kai-Shek no longer has any quarrel with Chang-Tao-Lin. They are both in the same pew. Perhaps the imperialists would prefer to do business with Chiang than with Chang. The former is not a bandit.

NOT that the imperialists have any objection to doing business with bandits. After all they are brothers under the skin. But the imperialists are forced to make concessions to what is called public opinion. Liberals who have no serious objection to living on dividends extracted from the ill-paid labor of Chinese coolies might feel embarrassed if the principal lieutenant of the big fellows who manage their investments happened to one who rose in the world from being a common bandit and murderer to dictator. Chiang would fill the bill.

THIS foreign editor of one of the great French dailies is writing Chinese sketches for his paper from the spot. He describes a gang of coolies loading a Japanese vessel with bales each weighing not less than 250 pounds. Men with hooks lift the bales and a coolie receives it on his neck.

ILLINOIS MINERS HUNT OTHER JOBS FOR LONG STRIKE

CHICAGO, April 17.—Coal diggers from southern Illinois tell a tale of widespread migration out of the mine fields. They also bear hints of preparations by Illinois operators for ruthless war against the United Mine Workers.

A couple of miners from Montgomery county, father and son, flied to Chicago looking for jobs. They anticipate a mine shut-down of at least three months. The mine they worked in posted notice of a 90-day lay-off.

To Big Cities. The father, who is over 60 and has worked in practically all the districts of the central competitive field and in West Virginia before the war, was in a reminiscent mood.

Militia March Out. "We didn't fight the bosses in this silent do-nothing way in the old days," he said. "We protected our jobs. Then the governor sent the militia from another county to have that (Continued on Page Three)

Millions Withheld from Mulcted "Big Four" Customers

WHAT'S WHAT IN WORKER INSURANCE EXPOSE

Today's article starts the second week in The DAILY WORKER exposure of the "Big Four" Insurance Trust which consists of the Metropolitan, Prudential, John Hancock and the Colonial Life Insurance Companies. If the reader is insured with any of these companies he will find the ensuing articles of great interest. Previous articles have made specific charges of fraud, misrepresentation and misuse of the public funds. Names prominent in financial and business circles figure largely in this and prior articles.

By CHARLES YALE HARRISON.

The advertising literature of the "Big Four" stresses the fact that these companies are "mutual" companies. By giving their swindled policyholders a measly hand-out which they are pleased to call a dividend, the directorates of the Insurance Trust feel that they have eased their Wall Street consciences.

Actually this dividend is not a dividend at all, but is merely a partial refund of the exorbitant premium originally charged for the policyholder's coverage.

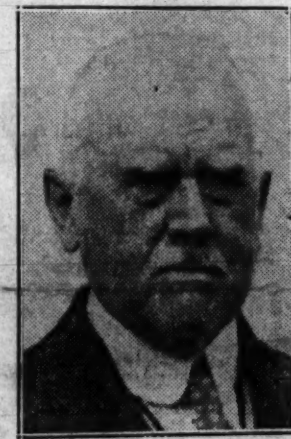
Ben Gold of the Furriers Union and His Prosecutors

Matthew Woll.



Acting president of the Civic Federation and vice president of the American Federation of Labor. He is the leading figure in the attempt to railroad Ben Gold, 11 other members of the Furriers' Union and more than 40 members of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union to jail. Woll is the link between the Civic Federation, dominated by labor hating big capitalists and the American Federation of Labor.

Haley Finke.



Landis Award Flouted By Closed Shop Pact

CHICAGO, Ill., April 17.—A closed shop agreement has just been signed by the Builders Employers' Association and the Hod Carriers' and Building Laborers' Executive Council of Chicago, which went into effect April 15, 1927.

The signing of this agreement puts the skids under the Citizens' Committee to enforce the Landis award and places the last of the building trades on a closed shop basis.

On the part of the Public:—
ELIOT ROOT (former Secretary of State), New York City.
FRANKLIN McVEIGH (former Secretary of the Treasury), Washington, D. C.
JOHN HAYS HANCOCK (President), Washington, D. C.
T. COLEMAN (senior), New York City.
MORRIS J. O'BRIEN (former Judge, New York Court of Appeals), New York City.
LAWSON T. THORNTON (former President, Borough of Manhattan), New York City.
NICHOLAS MURRAY BUTLER (President Columbia University), New York City.
MARCOUS M. HARRIS (former President, Borough of Manhattan), New York City.
ROBERT M. THOMPSON (President American Olympic Association), Washington, D. C.
JEREMIAH W. JONES (Political Economist), New York City.
TALCOTT WILLIAMS, LL.D. (Professor, Columbia School of Journalism, Columbia University), New York City.
WHEELER P. BLOOMGOOD (Attorney), Milwaukee, Wis.
WILLIAM R. WILCOX (former Chairman, New York Public Union Commission), New York City.

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NICHOLAS F. BLANTY (President New York Edison Co.), New York City.
GEORGE A. COIT (President Consolidated Gas Co.), New York City.
F. E. CROWLEY (President New York Central Lines), New York City.
OTTO M. SIDLITS (Building Trades Employees Association), New York City.
MARSHALL FIELD (Merchant), New York City.
RALPH PIERCE (President Metropolitan Life Insurance Co.), New York City.
S. K. HALL (Vice-President American Telephone and Telegraph Co.), New York City.
ELON H. HODDER (President Harbor Electric Works), New York City.
JOHN MARBLE (Architectural Civil Engineer), New York City.
SAMUEL MATTHEW (Publisher, Mather & Co.), Cleveland, Ohio.
GEORGE L. MILLS (Director International Paper Co.), New York City.
GEORGE M. NEWBOLD (Chairman of the Board, Commercial and Commercial National Bank), Chicago, Ill.
HARRY N. TAYLOR (President United States Dist. Ct. Corporation), New York City.
DANIEL WILLARD (President Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Co.), Baltimore, Md.

On the part of Wage Earners:—
ANTHONY J. CHLOPICK (President International Longshoremen's Association), Buffalo, N. Y.
JAMES DUNCAN (Vice-President American Federation of Labor), Quincy, Mass.
FRANK FENNEY (President, International Union of Shipyard Craftsmen), Philadelphia, Pa.
MICHAEL J. KEOUGH (President International Molders Union of North America), Cleveland, Ohio.
W. G. LEE (President Brotherhood Railroad Trainmen), Cincinnati, Ohio.
THOMAS MCMAHON (International President, United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America), New York City.
EDWARD J. MCGOVERN (President Operative Plasterers & Gypsum Finishers International Association), Chicago, Ill.
WILLIAM D. MANON (President Amalgamated Association of Street Ry. Employees of Am.), Detroit, Mich.
JAMES McLENNAN (President, Association of the U. S. and Ohio, Philadelphia, Pa.).
DAVID A. ROBERTSON (President Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen), Cleveland, Ohio.
S. E. SHEPPARD (President Order of Railway Men, Eastern Division), Cedar Rapids, Iowa.
MATTHEW WOLL (President International Photo Engravers' Union), Chicago, Ill.

are Members of Executive Council.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL OF The National Civic Federation
333 FLOOD METROPOLITAN TOWER
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BEN GOLD

vice president of the American Federation of Labor, appearing with the title of "Acting President" on the letterhead of the Civic Federation with the names of many of the most powerful labor hating capitalists in America shows conclusively the Judas role played by Woll.

Here are the names of the enemies of the labor movement who back Woll in the attack he leads on the militant leaders and members of the trade unions like Ben Gold. Woll, by the above evidence alone is convicted of plotting with labor's worst enemies—of being actually the head of this union-wrecking organization, the Civic Federation—to smash unions and send active and able trade unionists to jail.

How the United Front of Labor Hating Capitalists and High Salaried Union Officials Works

THE CIVIC FEDERATION TAKES OVER THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR

By WILLIAM F. DUNNE.

MATTHEW WOLL, vice president of the American Federation of Labor and acting president of the Civic Federation of Labor following the framing of Ben Gold and ten other furriers, announces in the capitalist press the formation of "Citizens' Committee to investigate Communist activities in New York City. The names of the committee will be made known in a few days." Thus the New York Times.

This mysterious committee, for the organization of which Woll, Hugh Frayne, A. F. of L. organizer, and Edward McGrady, special A. F. of L. representative, claim credit, is said to have been formed at a luncheon "attended by representatives of the church, law, education, labor and employers."

ONE need not, in our opinion, look far afield for the base of this united front of reaction. Its base is the Civic Federation, the caucus of the capitalists and their agents inside official circles of the American Federation of Labor.

Matthew Woll, acting in the Jekyll and Hyde role of A. F. of L. vice president and acting president of the Civic Federation, is the chief of the anti-labor caucus.

Woll's base in the American labor movement is first his own union of photo-engravers, a small group of highly-skilled workers who are organized on the basis of complete cooperation with the bosses.

In addition to the photo-engravers Woll is supported by a collection of other small unions—a similar bloc to

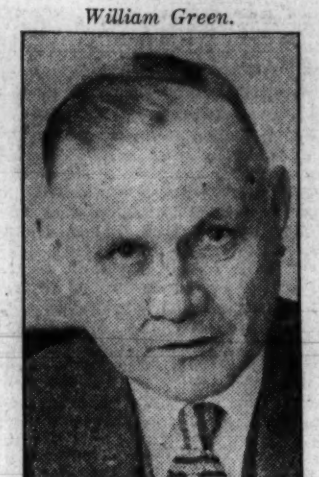
that upon which Gompers depended for his balance of power—the secret of his long reign. President Green's principal base is the United Mine Workers Union and railway organizations less fortunately situated than the small monopoly crafts, dealing with powerful corporations and forced at times—like the U. M. W. A. is at present—to struggle to preserve their living standards. Whatever differences there may be between the policy of Green and Woll—and this difference will become clearer as the offensive of the capitalists is intensified—is due largely to difference in the economic status of the main blocs of supporters.

AT present the war on honest and militant trade unionism operating under the slogan of "down with the Communists and the left wing," is led by Woll. For him this is a labor of love. By birth, religion and economic position he is opposed to anything smacking of radicalism.

Woll, and Frayne and McGrady, his lieutenants, belong to the militia of Christ wing of the American labor movement. Green is said to have strong leaning toward the Ku Klux Klan and both he and Woll find pleasure as well as profit in smashing needle trades unions composed principally of Jewish workers especially as thousands of these workers are Communists and Communist sympathizers.

BUT Woll is the real leader of this offensive. His position in the Civic Federation assures him of moral and financial support from powerful labor-hating organizations who fully

(Continued on Page Two)



William Green.

President of the American Federation of Labor who speaks at Civic Federation banquets, advocates efficiency unionism and who appointed Matthew Woll to head the special A. F. of L. committee which has the backing of the powerful civic federation group of capitalists in its attempt to railroad to jail on framed up charges Ben Gold and other workers whose leadership was responsible for the Furriers' Union securing the 40-hour week.

Ogden L. Mills.



Member of Executive Committee of the Civic Federation, director of the International Paper Company, reactionary republican politician, candidate for U. S. senator in the last election, member of New York's "40" by virtue of his silk-stocking ancestry and wealth wrong from underpaid workers. Another example of the type of class conscious capitalist with whom Woll, Green, Sigman, etc., unite to frame up trade unionists and destroy effective trade unions.

HANDS OFF CHINA, STOP WORLD WAR, COMMUNISTS SAY

CHICAGO, April 17.—Reviewing the recent world-shaking developments in the struggle of the Chinese people against imperialism and the oppressive rule played by the United States government in conjunction with the other powers, pointing out the reasons, therefore, calling attention to the danger of a new imperialist world war and urging the workers and farmers of America to stop aggression against the Chinese masses and end all imperialist war maneuvers, the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party has issued the following statement:

APPEAL TO AMERICAN WORKERS AND FARMERS.

Working Men and Working Women: Energetic efforts are being made by the imperialist governments including the government of our own country to plunge the world into another orgy of mass murder, into another world war.

Thru a new world conflict, the imperialist powers, particularly Great Britain and the United States, hope to destroy the Chinese revolution and to smash the Soviet Union.

Let every worker be on his guard! Not since 1914 has the world faced so grave and imminent a danger of war.

Preparing a New World War. Every step that can be taken to plunge us into war is being taken. For a long time the international bankers, especially those of Britain and the United States, have been financing the militarists and counter-

(Continued on Page Five)

HIS OWN PARTY VOTES NOT TO RUN HIM AGAIN

Against Both English And Chinese Labor

(The defeat of MacDonald by an overwhelming majority in his own party—the independent labor party—is a severe blow to the socialist party officialdom, the Forward and the right wing of the trade unions who sent B. Charney Vladerk to England to escort MacDonald here and who paid his expenses for the trip in return for his agreement to use his prestige against the Communists and left wing in the labor movement. That prestige has now departed and it is strikingly appropriate that the two main charges against MacDonald were his hostility to the Chinese liberation movement and his opposition to the wage program of the British trade unions.)

Kerensky, brought here by Civic Federation labor officialdom to aid their campaign of union destruction, and MacDonald, brought for the same purpose, can now greet one another with real feeling. They have a common bond. The workers of the two countries with the most powerful labor and revolutionary movements, the Soviet Union and Great Britain, placed them on trial, considered the evidence and rendered their verdict—guilty of treason to the working class.—Editor's Note.)

LONDON, April 17.—While he is on vacation in the United States former premier Ramsay MacDonald has received a severe rebuff from a section of his followers. After three hours (Continued on Page Five)

NEW STRIKE IN SOUTH CHINA TO PROTEST RAIDS

SHANGHAI, April 17.—The resolutions adopted at the Nanking conference calling for the expulsion of the Communist members from the Nationalist government do not represent the views of the rank and file of the Kuomintang, the Nationalist News Agency declared today.

They merely represent the views of the Central Control Committee, which is dominated by Chiang Kai Shek and in no way bind the plenary session which is expected to settle down to business on Monday.

Gunboats Kill Chinese. Reports received here state that imperialist gunboats have been sailing up and down the river in the (Continued on Page Three)

SACCO, VANZETTI MUST GO FREE—DEMAND OF 20,000

The Sacco-Vanzetti Emergency Committee has called a conference of delegates from trade unions, and fraternal and labor organizations, next Friday April 22nd, in Labor Temple, 243 East 84th St., at 8 p. m. to discuss plans for a strike, and for the calling of a National Conference of labor.

Over 20,000 workers crowded into Union Square Saturday afternoon, while from four platforms, in various languages, speakers from many labor groups.

At the close of the demonstration a resolution was adopted calling upon "all working-class organizations, regardless of their political differences uniting their forces to free Sacco and Vanzetti; that the movement be supported for a National Conference at which the question of national action be discussed; and that 'this meeting is wholeheartedly in favor of a general strike movement, to free Sacco and Vanzetti.'"

They stood for hours before the platforms and boomed and hissed every mention of the names of the judicial tool of the Boston Back Bay textile aristocracy, Judge Webster Thayer, who sentenced these two fighters for the working class to death. Wave after wave of indignation rolled from (Continued on Page Two)

Thousands Are Homeless As Result of Floods In Southern Part of U. S.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—Suffering from the flood in the vicinity of Natchez, Miss., and Wicks, Ky., is rapidly growing more serious, according to dispatches received today by the American National Red Cross, it was announced.

National headquarters of the Red Cross reported that a conservative estimate of the number of flood refugees in the four states east of the Mississippi affected by the floods is:

Kentucky 4,000, Tennessee 1,000, Mississippi 3,000, Louisiana 1,000; a total of 9,000.

Other thousands have been driven from their homes in states immediately west of the Mississippi River.

Farmer-Labor Party Of Minnesota Will Run Entire State

MINNEAPOLIS, April 17.—Contrary to all dire forecasts, the Minnesota Farmer Labor Party continues to grow more vigorous and to gather ever-increasing strength among the farmers and workers of the state. Right at this moment, much interest is manifest in the Minneapolis municipal elections, and indications are that there will be a full Farmer-Labor ticket in the field, which will be energetically supported by all branches of the labor movement.

Convention Soon.

It is believed that there will be a state convention of the Association within a short period, and this, no doubt, will have the beneficial effect of consolidating all forces within the Association and laying the base for an unprecedented growth and activity. It is reported that applications for affiliation with the Farmer-Labor Association continues to flood the State Office in St. Paul, while the ward clubs increase in size and strength.

Ready to Go On.

The veto of the Mc-Nary-Haugen bill has strengthened the conviction of the farmers and workers in Minnesota that relief can only be obtained through a powerful organization which will fight incessantly in their interests, and in their interests alone. With the bankruptcy of the working farmers, and the resulting miserable conditions of the city workers, a strong bond is being cemented between the two, which presages well for the Farmer-Labor Party.

Earl Carroll Improving.

GREENVILLE, S. C. April 17.—An official bulletin issued today by the physicians attending Earl Carroll says he is gradually improving.



APRIL 23
(1860)

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REPORT 800,000 CHINESE WORKERS WILL STRIKE IN SOUTH CHINA TO PROTEST RAIDS

(Continued from Page One)

vicinity of Nanking sweeping the Nationalist and Northern troops with shell fire. The number of Chinese killed by American and British guns has not yet been determined. The destroyers Preble and Ford and the cruiser Cincinnati were the American vessels taking part in the bombardment.

Enter, Standard Oil.

The firing began when a Standard Oil vessel was accidentally hit by Chinese gunfire. The Ford and the British cruiser, Emerald, immediately opened fire with their four-inch guns. The Preble, on its way up the river to Hankow, seat of the Nationalist government, opened fire on Nationalist troops who were entrenched on the north bank of the river.

Nationalists Take Yangchow.

Despatches received here state that the Nationalists have captured Yangchow, about fifty miles northeast of Nanking. It is also stated that the war lords have been driven back to Pengpu, in Anhwei Province.

Delay Answer To Note.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—What action the state department will take with regard to the conciliatory note of Eugene Chen, Nationalist foreign minister, is unknown. Secretary Kellogg is spending his "Easter vacation" at Hot Springs, and action on the notes will be delayed until his return.

It is understood that the domineering attitude adopted by the state department in its recent note on the Nanking "outrages" has met with the opposition of certain members of the cabinet.

Coal Miners Prepare For Unemployment

(Continued from Page One)

train pulled out. The first soldier to jump down at the station was the same with the next, until all had given up their guns. Then they marched out and we saw no more militia until the strike was won.

Operators Warlike.

The Illinois situation begins to look warlike, they report, but all the preparations seem to be on the operator side. The big No. 9 mine of the Peabody Coal Co. at Taylorville has set a war property by completely fencing its premises, a proceeding hitherto unheard of in the easygoing Illinois district. A 5-foot fence of closely woven wire strung on iron posts set in concrete is surrounded by 4 strands of barbed wire. Before the shut-down every miner had to enter through a guarded gate which was with the mine bosses underground and with headquarters. The face bosses carried revolvers on the hip. Peabody's No. 7 and 8 mines are reported to contemplate similar measures.

"The bosses learned at Herrin in 1922 that Illinois miners have a lot of fight left in them," the miners concluded.

By LEN DECAUX.

CLEVELAND, (FP).—Not content with locking out their miners to enforce a general wage cut, many Ohio coal operators are seeking to drive them out of house and home, even cutting off their water supply and forbidding them to grow vegetables in their gardens in some cases. The first notices to vacate were served on 500 miner families in Belmont and Perry counties by the Powhatan Mining Co. at Bellaire and the Sunday Creek Coal Co. at Sherry.

Sheriff Hesitates.

So drastic has been the Sunday Creek Coal Co. that Sheriff Harley McNabb of Perry county announced that he will refuse to evict miner families at Justice and it is believed that no action of the peace or constable in the county will help with eviction.

Not only did the company order the miners in company-owned homes to vacate within 15 days but it gave notice that it would cut off the water supply April 15. As this little mining village has been supplied with water from the coal company's reservoirs and light from the company's power plant, the order will mean that the miners will be without light and will have to seek water from old drilled wells that have been unused for years and may now be infected.

"No Gardens."

Another order is reported by Secy. Conrad Wien of sub-district 6 at Nelsonville. He says operators have ordered miners not to plant gardens on their lots. As many miner families have depended during hard times upon vegetables which they could grow for themselves, this cuts off an important source of food supplies from the strikers.

More than 1,000 persons are said to be affected by the action of the Powhatan Mining Co. in the Bellaire Field in ordering occupants of 200 of its houses either to pay rent in advance during the lockout or to move out. Only five days notice was given. The union announces that it would go to court to fight the eviction order if necessary, and that in an emergency tents will be supplied in homeless families.

With the exception of a few miners operating non-union before the lockout and a few that have agreed to continue under the Jacksonville scale, all of Ohio's 25,000 miners have been locked out.

British Want War.

That the British die-hard government favors an ultimatum to China is reported in dispatches received here from London. Chen's request for an international investigation of the Nanking affair strikes Austen Chamberlain as unsatisfactory, reports state.

Scores Press Reports.

Rear Admiral Bullard, retired, chairman of the Federal Radio Commission, who has just returned to Washington after a trip to China, criticized the news about China that has appeared in the American press. "I do not see how newspaper men could be in contact with what is going on," he said. "They get the big events, but I don't know how they could get general news on what is taking place, except from travellers who come back. The spheres are so big they must take another's word to get information."

MOSCOW, April 17.—The Executive Committee of the Communist International has issued an appeal to workers throughout the world and to all colonial and oppressed peoples to help avert a new world war.

The appeal declares, "Workers, demand the withdrawal of troops from China. By all means prevent the transportation of troops and arms. Down with the imperialist provokers of a new world war. Down with the imperialist henchmen of the Chinese people. Down with Chiang Kai Shek and other deserters, traitors and organizers of massacres of workers. Long live the workers of Shanghai. Long live the revolutionary Kuomintang. Long live the Communist Party of China."

Injunction Against Traction Workers Will Be Appealed

WASHINGTON, April 17.—An appeal to the higher court will be taken against the injunction issued by Judge Delahanty in New York restraining representatives of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees from attempting to organize employees of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, the American Federation of Labor announced today.

Senator-elect Robert Wagner, and Rep. Nathan D. Perlmutter will act as counsel for the union, which will be supported by the Federation of Labor.

Condemns Injunction.

Condemning the injunction, President William Green of the Federation said: "The American Federation of Labor is deeply interested in the proceedings because organized labor does not believe that the injunction issued by Judge Delahanty is in conformity with law or justice."

"We believe that the men employed upon the Interborough Rapid Transit Company system should be permitted to unite with the forces of organized labor and to join a bona fide trade union if they wish."

"They should not be prohibited from doing so through the operation of a court injunction, nor should the representatives of organized labor be enjoined from soliciting these men to join a bona fide trade union."

Most Lawyers Ignorant, Columbia Dean Asserts

Declaring that most lawyers were ignorant of social and economic problems, Dean H. W. Jervay, of the Columbia Law School, in a letter to the New York City Bar Association, advocates higher standards for admission to the bar.

Jervay declared that "lawyers should be better trained to think about the world in which they live before they even come to law school."

No Dusting Without Union.

NEW YORK.—Less blood on the coal if mines are properly rock dusted. The American Association for Labor Legislation points to two recent mine explosions in Pennsylvania—at Ehrenfeld and near Washington—where 700 lives were saved because the mines had been rock dusted. At Ehrenfeld only four died and 300 were saved. Rock dusting prevents the coal dust in the mine air from retarding.

Twenty bituminous coal states still lack rock dusting legislation, says the association. Only Indiana, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Utah and Wyoming require it by law.

Rock dusting is somewhat more expensive, on the whole, than merely paying a little compensation for men killed in deadly explosions. Therefore, there is, in the opinion of miners, very little possibility of getting any efficient dusting, with or without laws, unless there is strong union organization to enforce regulations for dusting. Recent terrific explosions in non-union mines have resulted from the failure to effectively rock dust the mines.

10 Miners Killed.

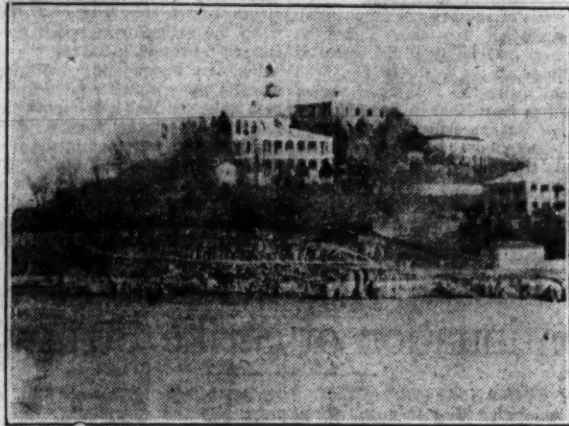
MONS, Belgium, April 17.—Ten people were killed yesterday by an explosion in the Levant de Mons Mine here, it is officially announced.

Twelve men are still missing and thirteen are injured.

WIRE BARRIERS IN SHANGHAI



Wuhu, Chinese City, Under Nationalist Rule



Wuhu is a large and important city, the capture of which by the Nationalists struck a fatal blow at the militarist Chang Tsung-chang. The imperialist navy pays special attention to it, because of the presence there of one of the largest Methodist religious dope factories in all China.

Millions Withheld From "Big Four" Customers

(Continued from Page One)

income. The official New York State Insurance Report for 1925, which is the last available document on the subject, shows that the Metropolitan's surplus was \$220,866,887.00 greater than was required for all claims and expenses.

Profitable Business.

The Prudential Life Insurance Company, a sister to the Metropolitan and one of the largest companies in the world, reported that its surplus was \$172,199,988.00. In this case, as in all others, the current expenses and claims were deducted from the current income.

The John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Company of Boston, Mass., another member of the "Big Four" had a surplus over expenses of \$35,309,465.00.

These companies operate, as was said before, under the guise of mutuality. They are mutual to this extent: all losses are mutually shared by the defrauded policyholders while profits and the manipulation of Billion Dollar Funds are enjoyed by the boards of directors who are vitally interested in the investments in which the assets of these companies are invested.

Operate With Banks.

Let us take a very concrete example. In New York City, the Metropolitan deposits its funds in the Metropolitan branch of the Chase National Bank on 23rd Street. Its cash balance varies between eleven millions and thirty-five millions. The yearly statement is as follows:

Jan.	\$14,368,283.35
Feb.	11,159,544.27
Mar.	13,624,250.48
Apr.	15,785,304.97
May	22,979,697.65
June	20,421,644.79
July	13,564,990.34
Aug.	11,066,776.00
Sept.	15,757,363.29
Oct.	21,807,534.11
Nov.	33,655,382.33
Dec.	31,976,524.64

In addition to the Chase National Bank the Metropolitan is interested in the following banks and trust companies: Adirondack Trust Company, Royal Bank of Canada, Bankers Trust Company, Central Union Trust Company, Chatham Phoenix National Bank, Chemical National Bank, Equitable Trust Company, Farmers Loan and Trust Company, National City Bank, New York Trust and the Crocker National Bank.

It has been shown in previous articles that if the "Big Four" are "mutual," the industrial policyholders do not benefit by this mutuality.

Important figures on the Board of Directors of the Metropolitan are Jo-

seph P. Day, the New York superintendent, who is more than slightly interested in the Metropolitan's real estate activities.

Frank B. Noyes, also a Metropolitan director is president of the Associated Press which supplies news service to more than 1,200 newspapers throughout the United States and Canada. Mr. Noyes is not a brilliant financier by any means, and his presence on the Metropolitan board of directors is protection against adverse press criticism of the "Big Four."

The writer knows through bitter experience that any newspaper which carries the Associated Press news dispatches will not utter a word which hints of the gigantic fraud which is being practiced upon 40 million American worker-insurers. Moreover, yards of praise and subtle propaganda finds its way into the Associated newspapers and thus the press and Wall Street tie-up is completed.

As was mentioned above, the Chase National Bank is the depository of the Metropolitan, in New York City. The following are Metropolitan Life Insurance Company directors who are also directors of the Chase National Bank:

Charles M. Schwab
Henry Ollesheimer
Frederick H. Ecker
Albert H. Wiggin

Now in view of the fact that the Metropolitan always has an average balance in the Chase National of about Twenty Millions of Dollars, this interlocking directorate takes on a special significance.

It is not by mere chance that these "boys" are sitting pretty on the board of one of the largest banks in the world. A permanent balance of Twenty Millions Dollars in cash obligates the Chase National to the officials of the Metropolitan and it is the "mutual" officials and directors of Mother Metropolitan who benefit by this friendly contact, rather than the big-willed policyholders of the "Big Four."

Mr. James A. Beha, the Superintendent of Insurance up at Albany, a personal appointee of Governor Smith, is acquainted with these facts. He knows that the reports issued by the "Big Four" are doctored, he knows that the high-hatted, sleek Wall Street gang sits astride the tens of millions of policyholders who are defrauded of hundreds of millions of dollars every year. He knows that "mutual" policyholders do not benefit by any transaction, official and unofficial which these companies engage in.

If Mr. Beha continues to prove himself in league with the "Big Four" by ignoring these specific charges, certainly Governor Smith should demand an immediate investigation into the evils of the weekly payment insurance business.

1928 is not a long way off!

Berger Asks Mercy For Horthy Victims In Cable to Regent

Victor L. Berger, socialist congressman from Wisconsin, has just sent a cable to Regent Horthy of Hungary under whose direction a reign of terror is being made against all liberal and labor elements in the country. The protest is made by Berger especially because of the court-martialing of Szanto and 30 others who face possible execution because of pro-labor activities.

Berger's cable, a copy of which he sent to the International Labor Defense says: "Remember Mazzini and Kossuth were considered dangerous radicals by the rulers of their day. Therefore heed history. Be merciful and prevent the murder of your radical countrymen."

VICTOR L. BERGER, Member of Congress.

Ex-Spy Exposes Security League Strike Breakers

(By Federated Press)

PASSAIC, N. J.—Strike-breaking methods of the National Security League are being exposed by Jack Bryan, former mill spy and agent provocateur employed by the Botany mills during the 1926 textile strike. Bryan's letters to the Passaic Daily News accuse Robert J. O'Brien, lately of the National Security League—of framing up Albert Weisbord, strike leader, last summer. O'Brien, he says, was well paid for the work, getting an initial retainer of \$1,000 and more later.

According to Bryan, O'Brien directed the raid on the office of the United Front Committee at Passaic last April. He helped the grand jury frame up the "evidence" in the indictment on which Weisbord is still held under \$30,000 bonds. O'Brien also, in a flippant mood, tossed off the figure of \$200,000 as the amount of "Moscow gold" which he declared was behind the strike. Senator Edwards of New Jersey used this figure in his speech in the U. S. Senate depicting the mill owners.

O'Brien is now reported to be operating another "League for the Constitutional Defense" at 309 Fifth Avenue. Within the last 10 years he is said to have founded at least a score of these leagues, devised solely for the purpose of raising money from the bosses to line his own pockets. In Norman Hapgood's forthcoming book on "Professional Patriots" (Boni Bros.) Mr. O'Brien will receive "honorable mention" as one of the world's foremost inventors of names for "patriotic" leagues.

"Czar" Daly Is Removed.

One of the first acts of Police Commissioner Warren has been to remove Deputy Commissioner Daly, known as the czar of the taxi industry. Warren says he will appoint a civilian in his place as director of the traffic division of the police department.

WORKERS! PROTEST AGAINST DEATH OF SACCO AND VANZETTI!

March 11th, 1927.

As I mentioned in my last letter, the Commonwealth Arbitration Court decided that 44 hours per week would be the standard hours for workers in the metal industry of Australia. All of the unions in the metal industry are now preparing their cases for the variation, which will give them the reduced hours of work.

Last year the metal unions in N. S. W. won the 44-hour week by the strike method, and they lost 4 hours pay.

It is the 44 hours pay that they are after now. The fact that the metal workers in N. S. W. already had a 44-hour working week was a big factor in the recent 44-hour case in the Commonwealth Court. It is known that N. S. W. ironworkers should prevail in each state, so that employers in some states would have no undue advantage of those of other states.

Fear American Methods.

There is a grave danger that American methods are about to be introduced into the factories of Australia. Some time ago, a delegation was dispatched by the Commonwealth government to America for the purpose of studying speed-up methods, bonus systems, co-partnership, etc., and last week Chief Judge Dethridge made the following very clear remarks:

"The forty-four hour week is possible only if the workers in every way work up to their limit to keep up to the collar all the time. No court, no parliament, no power on earth can get a forty-four hour week for the workers if they do not do their best. It means that payment by results will have to be recognized as a legitimate thing. It does not matter about union rules. Payment by results must come, if it does not come the forty-four hours will have to go."

Fight Piece Work.

We shall see. Some of the unions,

POLISH WORKERS PROTEST AGAINST WHITE TERRORISM

Extort False Evidence By Torture; Bar Marx

WARSAW, Poland, April 17.—The ruthless cruelty with which Marshal Joseph Pilsudski has attempted to crush opposition to his reactionary government is indicated in a resolution adopted by the Polish Federation of Labor.

"Citizens are robbed of their rights in a manner which makes the guarantees provided by the Constitution a mockery. It is despicable that citizens should be arrested and kept in jail for their political convictions, for their membership in a party or for having paid party fees or sold literature. Even worse things happen."

"Agent provocateurs are employed for the discovery of offenses. Suspects are held for months in prison, and there often subjected to unmentionable tortures, only to be finally released, wrecked and exhausted for want of proof."

Bar Marx.

"Newspapers such as the Robotnik and Kurier Poranny, works such as 'Capital' and 'Communist Manifesto' of Marx are prohibited."

"Prisoners in the outer districts of Poland are exposed to maltreatment. At the preliminary examinations confessions are extorted by physical terrorism, by blows and sometimes by elaborate cruelty. In this fashion there is often extorted false evidence whereby fresh victims are then drawn in."

"To all the above must be added the activities of the courts of law, with their incredibly harsh sentences in political cases, sentences which are only founded on the evidence of spies. By such sentences there are sent to prison adolescents who have perhaps committed some trifling offense."

Ask Amnesty.

The appeal ends with the following demands:

"Amnesty for political prisoners, especially minors, above all when they have been sentenced for merely belonging to a party."

"More lenient sentences, especially for young offenders."

"Abolition of the prevailing methods of police investigation, of the system of police spies, etc."

"Strict supervision by the prison staff of the treatment of prisoners. 'Energetic resistance to all attacks on the rights of citizens.'"

"Compulsory consideration, in the sentence, of the period of detention on the remand in all political cases."

Worry Over Kellogg.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—President Coolidge was nettled today over recurring newspaper reports of splits and possible resignations in his cabinet.

The presidential spokesman declared there was no disagreement in the cabinet over the administration's Chinese policy. He particularly made the point that Secretary of Commerce Hoover approved all steps taken by this government in China.

The White House knows of no intention of Secretary of State Kellogg to resign, it was said. Even if Kellogg should retire, the spokesman declared that Hoover would not be appointed to the post.

Our Australian Letter

March 11th, 1927.

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Fight Piece Work.

We shall see. Some of the unions,

realizing that a good attack is the best defense, are already taking steps to circumvent the intentions of the employers and are carrying on a campaign against piecework.

Labor Party Fight.

There is a terrific fight being waged in the N. S. W. branch of the Australian Labor Party at the present time. By various methods the officials of the Australian Workers' Union, led by J. Bailey of ballot-box fame, have gained control of the executive of the A. L. P., and have postponed the Annual Conference from Easter until June. They know that if the conference is held at Easter they will lose control, because at Easter, on account of the holidays, rank and file delegates can attend. On the other hand, if the conference is held at June, only the officials will be able to attend. This decision has aroused a storm of protest throughout N. S. W.

The president, Mr. Seale, took matters into his own hands, and has called the conference for Easter. For doing this, Mr. Seale has been suspended by the executive, and it is quite possible that the Easter conference will be declared bogus. Nevertheless, I am convinced that the rank and file will rally to Seale, that the conference will be held at Easter and that the Bailey faction will be defeated.

Building Workers Out.

Active preparations are being made among N. S. W. unions to send a delegation to the Pan-Pacific Congress to be held at Canton on May 4th. We hope to send five delegates.

The building workers of Brisbane, Queensland are still being locked out because they refuse to work more than 40 hours per week. The Labor government is still doing all in its power to defeat the workers, but the men are still solid notwithstanding that they have been locked out for two months.

THE DAILY WORKER

Published by the DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO.
Daily, Except Sunday
23 First Street, New York, N. Y. Phone, Orchard 1680

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
By mail (in New York only): By mail (outside of New York):
\$8.00 per year \$4.50 six months \$6.00 per year \$3.50 six months
\$2.50 three months \$2.00 three months

Address all mail and make out checks to
THE DAILY WORKER, 23 First Street, New York, N. Y.

J. LOUIS ENGDAHL
WILLIAM F. DUNNE } Editors
BERT MILLER } Business Manager

Entered as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application.

Bonapartism in China.

Those spokesmen for imperialism who fondly imagine that history repeats itself are hailing the despicable treachery of Chiang Kai-shek as the beginning of another period of military dictatorship in China. There is apparent historical vindication for this interpretation. After the victory of Sun Yat Sen over the Manchu dynasty in 1911, the nationalist leaders, desiring national unity above everything else, permitted the former military leader of the dynastic armies, Yuan Shi Kai, to become president of the republic. Before many weeks Sun Yat Sen and his supporters were confronted with the open betrayal of the revolution by Yuan, who established a bonapartist regime in the interest of the Anglo-Japanese interests. But history will not repeat itself in China. Since 1911 a new epoch has dawned and the old one has died.

Fifteen years ago the nationalist movement was directed against the dynastic regime of the Manchus; the menace of imperialism was not evident to the broad masses. Today, with the lessons of the Russian revolution before them and with a thorough understanding at least by the working class leaders, of the nature of imperialism, the military adventurer and miserable hireling, Chiang Kai Shek, will not be able to follow the footsteps of his ignoble predecessor.

That military dictatorship of a minority, which was known as bonapartism during the struggles of the bourgeoisie against the remnants of feudalism, becomes fascism in this period of social revolution. Bonapartism is military despotism exercised in the interest of a military clique against all the rest of society; fascism is the military suppression of the proletariat and those elements in society that stand closest to the working class, in the interest of the big bourgeoisie. In China, Chiang Kai Shek is trying to assume the role of fascist tyrant in the interest of imperialism against the workers, the peasants and the small bourgeoisie.

The working class is the natural leader of all suppressed elements in China and is bearing the brunt of the attempted coup d'etat. It is mobilizing its forces for the extension of the strike and is raising the revolutionary demand for arms to enable the liberation movement to continue the struggle.

Under the influence of the Communists in the important industrial centers the labor movement has adopted the correct attitude toward the peasant and will have the support of the active elements of that class.

Chiang Kai Shek's betrayal of the revolution will not go unpunished. The movement in China has gone too far to subside at the behest of this renegade and traitor and the money he has obtained from the agents of the great powers in China will be of no avail against the mass movement that is growing ever mightier and must drive onward until imperialism's bloody fangs can no longer reach out to crush the Chinese people.

Defend the Imprisoned Furriers and Cloakmakers!

The defense of the furriers and cloakmakers, whom Green, Woll, Sigman, the bosses and the socialist party officialdom are trying to railroad to jail is a first call on the workers of all shades of political opinion.

The most active, able and militant union members, beginning with Ben Gold of the Furriers' Joint Board, have been arrested on framed up charges and all forces of the bosses from courts to their agents in official labor circles are united in an effort to imprison them for long terms so the destruction of the unions can be facilitated.

The defense of these workers is defense of the trade union movement. A powerful movement in behalf of these workers is the best possible answer to the enemies of labor within and without the trade unions.

All workers behind the Joint Defense Committee!
Sign the Roll Call!

Strengthen the movement for Sacco and Vanzetti, give more power to the demand for Hands Off China by freeing the needle trades militants, repelling the attack of reaction of the labor movement and leaving it free to devote all of its energy to the tremendous tasks which face it in this period when the imperialists are plotting another blood bath for the world's working class.

Defend the militants of the furriers' and the cloakmakers' unions.

The City Elections in Passaic.

When, during the great strike in Passaic, the workers were being clubbed, gassed, run down by motorcycle police and jailed by the score THE DAILY WORKER told them there would come another day—a day of reckoning with the vicious city administration that was responsible for these outrages against workers striking for the elementary sort of living wage.

The opportunity to hit back and hit hard against the city administration is now here. The opening of the campaign in Passaic on Tuesday night, when the labor candidates for commissioners made their first appearance before the masses was a magnificent testimonial to the fact that the spirit of militancy is still alive. Unquestionably the demonstrations at two halls threw fear into the hearts of the hirelings of the mill owners who now control the city administration.

Passaic has the commission form of government, which means that no party lines are supposed to be drawn. Candidates run as individuals. But the working class candidates can be distinguished from all others as effectively as if they ran on a straight labor ticket and the workers of Passaic will recognize and support them.

The campaign is also significant from another point of view, in as much as it brings back to Passaic Albert Weisbord, leader of the strike, who yielded to the demands of the A. F. of L. officials of the United Textile Workers and stepped out for the duration of the strike in order that the strikers of Passaic could

Woman and Child Labor in the Anthracite

By H. M. WICKS.
DURING the past few years the anthracite field in Pennsylvania has been invaded by light industry, particularly textiles, which employs mostly women and children. The invasion of that territory teaches profound economic lessons for the working class.

There are thousands of places that geographically, and economically, as far as transportation and other facilities are concerned, offer better advantages than Scranton, Wilkes Barre, Pittston, Old Forge and the other anthracite towns. But these places have one advantage for the investment of textile capital that is not to be easily duplicated in points otherwise strategically situated for their purposes. That is an abundance of cheap labor.

The Inducement to Textiles.
All the towns in the anthracite have chambers of commerce (sometimes called industrial boards) whose task it is to endeavor to induce industries to establish themselves in their midst. These organizations are busy circularizing manufacturers of textiles, clothing, candy, etc., telling them of the splendid opportunities offered because of cheap labor.

The industrial board of Old Forge, a mining town in the very heart of the anthracite, tells prospective manufacturers:

"We will furnish as many women workers as you require at a wage of from eight to fifteen dollars per week."

The board further states that "manufacturers will be able to make a saving of from fifteen to thirty-five per cent. on manufacturing costs by moving to smaller cities besides being free of union labor."

Fruits of Treachery.
Superficial observers may think this agitation for new industries merely an awakening of the so-called civic spirit of the business men, who want to make the anthracite region something more than a one-industry territory, but the cause is to be found in the profound social and economic changes that have taken place quite recently and is due to the crisis in the coal industry itself.

While the standard of living of the inhabitants of the anthracite region

has never been higher than that of the average American worker, there was a time that families of miners were able to live on the wages obtained by the adult males. But that is no longer the case. The series of wage cuts, and the failure of the United Mine Workers of America, under the national leadership of John L. Lewis, who betrayed the miners during the last great strike in the hard coal region, and under the local leadership of the renegade and traitor, Rinaldo Capellini, have so reduced the miners' wage that no longer can families be supported from the mines alone.

The shameful united front of the mine owners, the police, the courts and the labor officials against the miners has crippled the miners' organization so that it functions more as a company union than a trade union. This united front was plainly in evidence during the last hard coal strike when every militant leader in the region was jailed at the behest of Capellini and his henchmen. The fruits of the treacherous policy of the leaders at the head of the miners' union are seen today in the proud boast that the region is free of union labor.

The chamber of commerce gang knows that they have nothing to fear from the officials of the miners who control the various central labor councils and who would, if they were not agents of the employers, organize workers in any industry that could be established in their vicinity.

Changing Economics.
The economics of the new situation in the anthracite are known to all Marxians. Capitalism, in order that it may constantly replace labor power in the market, must pay the heads of families sufficient to enable them to live and raise a family in order that there may be a new generation of slaves to become beasts of burden when the present generation goes to the scrap heap of industry.

But the wages and conditions of labor in the anthracite have fallen to such an extent that it is impossible for the "head" of the family to earn wages enough to maintain the rest of the family. Instead of receiving the value of his labor-power that he sells in the market, he receives less than its value. The result is that other members of the family have to enter

the labor market in order to supplement the family income. If the man works for less than the value of his labor power—the equivalent of the food, clothing and shelter necessary to maintain himself and family—the wife and children work for much less. The total income of the entire average family is barely sufficient nowadays to cover the value of the labor power of the man alone.

Lines of Slaves.
In other days, when the union had a fighting policy in the anthracite, one passing through the region could see long lines of men coming from various towns and villages, finally merging into streams converging at the mouths of a few mines.

Today the men are not so numerous upon the barren highways of the region, because of unemployment. But the thinning lines of men have been augmented by thousands of women and children, some of whom walk from two to four miles to work (because their miserable wage forces them to try to save even the few cents required for fare) in the silk mills and other textile establishments of Scranton and other cities and towns.

When miners resent seeing their wives and children herded like cattle into the slave pen of the new industries that have come into the region because of the exceptional advantages of cheap labor, they can thank the reactionary leaders of their union, whose policy not only aids the anthracite trust but aids the capitalist class as a whole by turning the region into a pest hole of scabbery.

However, the "open shop paradise," as the Scranton chamber of commerce describes the hard coal region, will not endure very long, for the simple reason that the horrible conditions of living, of themselves, will drive the workers to organize. The time is not far distant when even the anthracite, which Lewis considers his stronghold, will rise against him and the labor movement will then become dominated by men who will start organization drives in every industry—including those who heed the boast of the Industrial Board of Old Forge and establish themselves there to be "free of union labor."

Passaic Election Struggle Continuation of Strike Struggle

By SYLVAN A. POLLACK.

The campaign that is now taking place in Passaic, N. J., where Albert Weisbord, Simon Bambach and Simon Smelkinson are running as labor candidates, is the continuation of the Workers' (Communist) Party is a vindication of the policy of participating in the every-day struggles of the workers that is practiced by the Communist movement the world over.

Until Strike Started.
When on January 25, 1926 the workers of the Botany mills went out on strike, to be followed by the workers in the other mills, they were underpaid, overworked and browbeaten without any centralization, they had toiled day after day until the historic day that Albert Weisbord with the assistance of a small group of workers started the struggle that gained world wide prominence.

The strike is over. True, they have not won all of their demands, but in spite of that they have two important points as their heritage. One, a union. Two, an understanding of the class struggle and their class interests. During the political campaign that is now going on they will have an opportunity to prove that the strike has been a great educator as well as an organizer.

Many of the former strikers are foreign born. They have no vote. But those who are citizens and still

live in the city of Passaic will, with practically no exceptions, vote for Weisbord and his colleagues. Some might say that it will be a personal vote, that the individual Weisbord will get the votes, not the program he will advance. That might be true in some cases but thousands of Passaic workers have begun to understand their class interest and will vote for all candidates that stand for the interests of the working class exclusively, as opposed to the liberals or the more reactionary.

Liberals Not Friends.
They are beginning to understand that a liberal as Judge Cabell, who, also he supported the strike, is no more their friend in the long run than Commissioner of Public Safety Preskell, who had them beaten on the picket line. Cabell was seeking office and supported the strikers. Preskell was in office and suppressed the workers. Today, both Cabell and Preskell are candidates for commissioners and both of them ignore the strike.

While Cabell and Preskell and the other capitalist candidates ignore the strike, to Weisbord, Bambach and Smelkinson it is a most vital issue. They will dramatize the happenings of that famous page in labor's history and lead it to the workers who are now listening to the many candidates for political office.

LETTERS FROM OUR READERS

Editor, THE DAILY WORKER:

The following is a tid-bit from a speech by Rev. John N. Lyle, speaking at the Workers Educational League, and reported in the Seattle Union Record, for March 5:

"Don't be too hard on old Britain. We owe a lot to the British. If it hadn't been for them we would be speaking Spanish here now. Are we going to scuttle out of China? The Indian did not make the best use of the land in America and the white man took it away from him. If the Chinese do not make the best use of

their land then the other nations will."

This is given space in a so-called labor paper. The man of god has overlooked a few items, as follows: England produces 90 per cent of the world's opium, thanks to the Lord. England has a revenue of nearly 100 million pounds, sufficient to run its own government.

England has had two opium wars in China, and is now going through the last one. (Thanks to the Chinese Awakening). England lends money to opium growers in India

join the main stream of the American trade union movement. Now that the strike is over he can again take his place as leader of the Passaic masses and his candidacy for commissioner gives him an opportunity to discuss before the workers the policies to be followed in resisting the conspiracies of the bosses to take from them gains made during the strike. The United Textile Union officials have been yielding too much to the bosses, have been retreating and forcing the workers to accept impositions. This retreat must stop and the struggle must be intensified all along the line.

* The workers of Passaic have shown their fighting spirit as strikers. If those who have the right to vote will "vote as they strike" and strive to get other workers in Passaic to support them they can make another valuable contribution to the labor movement through laying the foundation for a powerful local labor party that will give impetus to a state labor party and tremendously aid in stimulating sentiment for a labor party on a national scale. Just as the working class of the nation watched Passaic during the great struggle of last year so they will eagerly watch this new phase of the fight.

without interest. It has nearly 5,000,000 dope customers in America, many of them only school children.

The British Empire has far greater number of customers in U. S. A. at the present time than the total population in the year 1776. Yours truly, S. F. B. NCH, Seattle, Wash.

Like Insurance Articles.
I was over delighted to read your just indictment of the "Big Four" insurance gang. I hope that this effort of yours will bring about an honest investigation.

At any rate it will disturb some of the minds of the victims of the "Big Four" and as every progressive move results in a certain amount of disturbance—let's go!

Best wishes for your insurance exposure.

Joseph P. Roth.

The I. R. T. Situation.

Editor, DAILY WORKER:
I take this opportunity to address and inform you I have become a reader of your wonderful paper and I assure you I am delighted at its aspirations in favor of the working men.

I, as an employee of the I. R. T. New York, want to bring under your notice the 5% increase in pay starting April 1 donated by Mr. Hedley. This is what he confiscated from us two years ago by a fake vote controlled by Paddy Connolly from the windy city.

Now then, every man on the job, employed by the I. R. T. knows that

Michael Gold's "Fiesta" Postponed Till October

Michael Gold's "Fiesta" will not be produced until next fall. Following a dress rehearsal last week, the directors of the New Playwrights Theatre decided to withdraw the play for recasting and rewriting. The ambitious group of youth dramatists who were responsible for "Loud Speaker" and "Earth," the two plays put on at the 62nd Street Playhouse, have decided to call it a season, and postponed any further production until next October, when "Fiesta" will open the 1927-28 season.

John Howard Lawson, managing director of the New Playwrights, and author of "Loud Speaker" said that Gold's play contained "great artistic values and vital potentialities, which the production had not realized." "A theatre of our type," he added, "requires a tryout audience so that our plays can be brought to their highest artistic level before a formal presentation. The New Playwrights learned a valuable lesson from their experience."

Broadway Briefs

"The Seventh Heart," a comedy by Sarah Ellis Hyman, is announced by the Lionel Productions to open at the Mayfair Theatre May 2. Arthur Brander, Sylvia Beecher, Robert Farrell and Mildred Kent will be in the cast.

The Shakespeare Fellowship will present a revival of "As You Like It" under the auspices of the American Theatre Association Tuesday afternoon, May 7. The performance will be for the benefit of the Shakespeare Memorial Theatre at Stratford-on-Avon.

"Blood Money," a melodrama by George Middleton, adopted from a short story of H. H. Van Loan's, will be presented by Mrs. Henry B. Harris in New Haven on May 16, prior to its New York premiere. The cast includes Thomas Mitchell, Shirley Warde, Reginald Barlow and Malcolm Duncan.

Frank C. Reilly, whose production of "Pickwick" has been playing on tour and is now playing in Boston.

ALISON SKIPWORTH



In "New York Exchange," playing a week's engagement at the Bronx Opera House beginning tonight.

announces that his next Dickens production will be "The Mystery of Edwin Drood."

"Crocles," a play by Samuel Shipman and Kenneth Perkins, and which Hatcher Hughes is revising, will be placed in rehearsal next month by Albert Lewis.

The Civic Repertory Players begin their final two weeks in New York this evening. On May 2 the company will begin a Spring tour opening that night in Washington for a week's stay. The program this week includes "The Cradle Song" tonight, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday nights; "John Gabriel Borkman" on Tuesday night; "Inheritors" Wednesday matinee; "Master Builder" Thursday night and "Three Sisters" Saturday matinee.

Three premieres are scheduled for this evening. Milne's "The Pin Passes By" at the Garrick; "Love Is Like That" at the Cort and "Lady Do" at the Liberty.

Another opening tonight will take place at the Central Theatre where Thurston, the magician begins an engagement.

AMUSEMENTS

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EVA LE GALLIENNE

Next Week—The Second Man
GUILD THEATRE, W. 52 St. Eves. 8:15
Mats. Thurs. and Sat. 2:15

MR. PIM PASSES BY

Next Week—Night, 10th Ave.
GARRICK 65 W. 15 St. Eves. 8:30
Mats. Thurs. and Sat.

NED MCCOBB'S DAUGHTER

Next Week—The Silver Cord
John Golden Th. 58, E. of W. 42nd St.
Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15

EARL CARROLL Vanities

Earl Carroll Th. 11th Ave. & 60th St.
Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15

MARTIN BECK THEATRE, 45 St.

JED HARRIS Presents a Drama

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'NEW YORK EXCHANGE'

The Sensational Comedy

Sacco and Vanzetti Must Not Die!

They have been in jail too long for

"so-called murderers," to prove that they have done any crime. This alone is enough to prove that they are innocent. This has not been an open and honest trial. All the facts and evidence for the defense has been ignored. Even prominent liberals have been horrified at this miscarriage of "justice." Where are the leaders of the A. F. of L.? Why are they silent?

They are too busy expelling left wing workers from the trade-unions. Also secretly conspiring with the bosses, courts, police and gangsters of the underworld, to destroy the unions and imprison their militant and honest leaders. The entire labor movement must act quickly and effectively.

This can only be done by sending petitions to the governor of Massachusetts and general stoppage of work for a short time. Also the workers must come out on the street and demonstrate their determination for their liberation. The cry of the workers must be: Sacco and Vanzetti must not die; they must be set free!

—Mack Stone, New York

BUY THE DAILY WORKER AT THE NEWSSTANDS

Bazaar Roll Call.

Names on the special Bazaar Roll Call at 50 cents are commencing to pour in on the Bazaar Roll Call lists. All names will be published in English in the Bazaar number of "Unity."

HANDS OFF CHINA, STOP WORLD WAR, IS APPEAL OF WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

(Continued from Page One)

revolutionary armies in China. Now American and British marines have perpetrated in cold blood the massacre of defenseless Chinese working men and working women at Nanking. The notorious bandit and imperialist tool, Chang Tso-lin, has been ordered to make an unwarranted attack on the Soviet Union in Peking. Chiang Kai-shek has been induced to attack the Chinese labor movement. Every effort has been made to make it appear that the war, when it breaks out, has been caused by the Chinese labor movement or by the Soviet Union.

Soviet Union for Peace.

But the Soviet government, being a republic of workers and farmers, has followed the maneuvers of the bankers and imperialists. The Soviet Republic struck for peace by merely withdrawing its representatives from the seat of the imperialist puppet, Chang Tso-lin. Every capitalist government in the world would have declared war instantly for far less provocation than this outrageous attack.

On the heels of this came the criminal ultimatum of the British, American, Japanese, French and Italian imperialists demanding immediate heavy payments and humiliating apologies by the Cantonese for the supposed losses suffered by foreigners while British and American destroyers were bombarding Nanking.

Chiang Kai-shek—Traitor.

Now the infamous imperialist efforts to split the Kuomintang, to throw the revolutionary forces into chaos, have come to light in all their ugliness. Chiang Kai-shek, the commander of the Cantonese military forces, has surrendered to the imperialists. Chiang Kai-shek has declared war on the best fighters of the Chinese revolution by making a murderous assault upon the laborers, the trade unions of Shanghai, wounding and killing hundreds of workers after disarming them.

All of these events are only links in the chain the imperialists have been forging for intervention in and destruction of revolutionary China, for an attack upon the Soviet Union—in short for the bringing on of a colossal world war.

The American Imperialists' Game.

Why is the United States government so militant and aggressive in its hostility to revolutionary Chinese nationalism? Why is the Wall Street

administration of Coolidge step by step moving with the other imperialist powers towards another world war?

The answer is as plain as daylight. The American imperialists dread the effect of a revolutionary Chinese nationalist victory upon the Philippines. Inspired and encouraged by such a victory, the Filipino people would take steps to wrest their national freedom and complete independence from American imperialism. A victory for revolutionary Chinese nationalism will lower the prestige of all imperialist powers. It will tend to lower considerably the prestige of haughty Yankee imperialism in all Latin-America.

Our ruling class is today the dominant imperialist world power. It is best equipped for a war because more than half the world's gold is in its coffers. American imperialism hopes to gain through a world war new, tremendous advantages for consolidating, extending and perpetuating its present dominating position in the mastery of the world's resources.

Stand by Revolutionary China and the Soviet Union.

Working men and working women! Let us unite our ranks against the growing menace of a new imperialist world war.

We must do all in our power to stop our imperialist government from helping to drown the Chinese revolution in a sea of blood.

In this critical hour everyone of us must spare no effort or pain to crush all attempts to attack the Soviet Union.

Let not the momentary effects of the treason of Chiang Kai-shek to the cause of revolutionary Chinese nationalism dismay us! The working and farming masses of China will soon come into their own despite the blackest manipulations of the American, British, and other imperialist plunderbunds.

Communists Demand World Peace.

There must be no new imperialist world war! The Communists throughout the world, inspired by the glorious example set by the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, which has been and continues to be the greatest defender and champion of world peace, stand resolutely opposed to another imperialist war. We Communists are firmly set against another imperialist world war. We Communists want world peace.

The Workers (Communist) Party of America strongly urges the American working and farming masses to do everything in their power to hold back the American government from plunging the world into a new mass slaughter!

Hands Off China!
Hands Off the Soviet Union!
Down With Imperialist War!
Long Live the International Solidarity of the Workers of the World!
CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY OF AMERICA.

Large Attendance At Interracial Concert Held Sunday Afternoon

Richard B. Moore, of the American Negro Labor Congress, Albert Weisbord, leader of the Passaic textile strike, Frank B. Crosswaite, and Robert W. Dunn, were among the speakers at the interracial concert and mass meeting held yesterday at the Harlem Casino, 115th St. and Lenox Ave. The affair was held under the auspices of the American Negro Labor Congress.

On the musical program was the Freiheit Singing Society, Evelyn Preer, famous soprano, Peter Granger, distinguished composer, The Perfect Harmony Four, and Daniel Haynes, noted Negro actor. The affair yesterday afternoon was the first of a series of interracial affairs under the auspices of the American Negro Labor Congress, where the Negro and white workers will join together in labor solidarity.

Vote For Budget.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 17.—The national assembly today voted the budget for national defense. The minister of war declared that the Turkish army is ready at all times to defend the rights of Turkey.

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The DAILY WORKER receives 50 percent on all tickets purchased at 105 East 14th St. local office.

Independent Labor Party Downs Ramsay

(Continued from Page One)

of secret debate the Independent Labor Party conference at Leicester today decided not to renominate the former labor premier as treasurer of the British Labor Party.

MacDonald Beaten 3 to 1.

The executive committee has failed to recommend his appointment and a motion to reconsider the matter was lost by a vote of 312 to 118. The decision seriously undermines his authority among the working class element who have now openly broken with him.

During the course of the acrimonious debate today, Fenner Brockway, secretary of the Independent Labor Party, declared that MacDonald no longer represented their leading policies. He said:

MacDonald's attitude on China is contrary to the views of the majority of the members of the Independent Labor Party. His leadership generally is not robust enough. We want socialism in our time and MacDonald's tactics are not in that direction.

Brockway also complained that MacDonald had not adopted the standard living wage program of the party.

Emanuel Shinwell, defending the absent chief, declared that after all he had done for the labor movement he "does not deserve to be cast out to the wolves."

James Maxton, presiding at the conference, said the party demands an all-round wage increase of twenty percent for workers.

"Forward" On Trial As Betrayer Of Workers

The Jewish Daily Forward will celebrate its 30th anniversary next Sunday with J. Ramsay MacDonald as its guest of honor. It proudly announces that it has always stood for the workers' interests but those who have participated in the labor struggle in this city are of a different opinion.

To settle this question the Forward will be given a public trial next Sunday, April 24, two p. m., at Central Opera House, New Star Casino and Manhattan Lyceum.

Prominent Witnesses.

M. J. Olgin and S. Epstein will be the prosecutors and among the witnesses for the prosecution will be, for the Jewish workers: Louis Hyman, Ben Gold (if he is released from jail), J. Borochowitz, Chas. S. Zimmerman, Rose Wortis, Julius Portnoy, Aaron Gross, Sam Leibowitz, Sam Liptin, J. Marmar, Dr. Caspe, Ben Gitlow, A. Zazar.

For the American workers: William F. Dunne, Bert Wolfe, William W. Weinstein and Alex Trachtenberg. There will also be representatives of the Chinese and Indian workers. The rank and file are also invited to state their point of view.

Professional Patriots To Stage Demonstration In Brooklyn On May 1

"The Brooklyn Citizens' Patriotic Committee" has just announced that it will hold another "Americanization" mass meeting on May 1. It is explained that the purpose of this affair will be to act as an "antidote" to the workers' May Day demonstrations throughout the city.

WORKERS! PROTEST AGAINST DEATH OF SACCO AND VANZETTI!

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U. S. Policy Towards China Told In Secret Notes to Four Powers

WASHINGTON, April 17.—The United States today sent secret cables to Great Britain, Japan, France, Italy and American Minister McMurtry at Peking, stating whether America would join the other four powers in delivering an ultimatum to the Nationalist government at Hankow.

Whether McMurtry tentatively agreed to the policy of using force could not be learned in official quarters. It was learned however, that the United States has again been formally asked to join with the four other powers in identical action against the Nationalist government.

Weisbord to Speak At Sacco-Vanzetti Protest Meeting

PASSAIC, N. J., April 17.—Albert Weisbord, strike leader and one of the labor candidates in the race for Passaic city commissioner, will be one of the speakers at a Sacco-Vanzetti protest mass meeting to be held in Belmont Park, Garfield, on Wednesday night, April 20.

Others speakers will include Carlo Trecco and Franco Cofo, the latter also a prominent figure in the Passaic textile strike.

Weisbord's return to Passaic was hailed with unrestrained joy by over 4,000 textile workers packed into Ukrainian Hall last Wednesday night, where he acquiesced to their demand that he run for commissioner.

That the workers of Passaic are aroused over the brazen attempt to railroad these two men to the electric chair was demonstrated last Wednesday night when Weisbord and other members of the Workers (Communist) Party were cheered to the echo in their demand for justice for Sacco and Vanzetti.

The six United Textile Workers locals in Passaic and vicinity, together with the District Textile Council, have sent telegrams to Governor Fuller of Massachusetts, protesting this attempted murder and demanding the release of Sacco and Vanzetti.

The mass meeting at Belmont Park is called by the local branch of the International Workers Aid, in conjunction with the anti-Fascist leagues of Clifton and Lodi.

Union Meetings

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350 E. 85th St. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. daily. Meeting on announcement of Executive Board.

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Statement by Joint Defense and Relief Committee of Cloakmakers and Furriers to All Workers

From the Joint Defense and Relief Committee of Cloakmakers and Furriers comes the following stirring appeal to all workers to join in the campaign in behalf of their fellow-workers in jail.

"No one must stand aside in the fight to save the Needle Trades Unions. It is time to act together against the union smashers. Sigmund Schachtman, Wolf, Beckerman, Green, McGraw and the bosses have united to destroy every free expression within the working class movement. It is a deliberate conspiracy to impose class collaboration, i. e. unions serving the interests of the bosses, upon the workers.

Uses All Means.

"This gang stops at nothing. Squads of gangsters, provocateurs are used to break the morale of the workers. Bloody onslaughts occur in the markets. New men are picked daily to be sent away for long prison terms.

"About 40 cloakmakers and furriers are now lying in jail. The list of workers attacked and beaten up grows daily. Dozens of workers who have been framed up on various charges have been placed under bail bonds running up as high as \$25,000. "Ben Gold, Mencher, Shapiro and other members of the Furriers' Joint Board are now experiencing the workings of capitalistic justice in the Ku Klux Klan town of Mineola. The trial of J. Goretzky, manager of Lo-

cal 35 has been postponed to the 22nd of April, to be heard before the same considerate Judge Rosalesky, who has already sentenced a score of innocent cloakmakers to long prison terms because of their steadfast loyalty to the union during the strike.

Yellow Socialists Responsible.

"Behind all of this stand the official union smashers allied with the Forward and socialist party officialdom in their treason to the working class.

"Workers, it is your plain duty to enter into the fight to save the unions in the garment industry. Victory will go a long way toward driving the agents of the bosses out of the unions of food, building, transportation, leather, etc., etc.

"It is time to deliver a death blow to the power of the black legion in the unions. The workers in jail must be torn from the clutches of their so-called 'justice.' The families whose breadwinners are imprisoned must be furnished relief.

"The Joint Defense and Relief Committee is exhausting every effort to raise enough money to cover the enormous expense. 100,000 dollars must be raised at once. Regardless of your condition, we call upon you to pay a voluntary tax.

"ONE DOLLAR FROM EVERY WORKER."

"However great the burden, however much you have given, do not postpone this immediate donation.

Remember! your cost is a dollar—our brother workers are paying with their freedom.

"Do you like to see the imprisoned Cloakmakers and Furriers in jail?"

"Do you like to see their families suffering and in want?"

"Do you like to see other active union members now under charges sentenced to long prison terms?"

"If not! Fill out the certificate printed in the advertisement of this committee and mail it to the office of the committee with one dollar. This reply will encourage the mass of workers to keep up their fight for a clean union.

"The necessity is so great that even if you have already given, we ask you to give again and sign this Roll Call."

Frey to Go to Geneva As Government Expert

WASHINGTON, April 17.—John P. Frey, reactionary ex-secretary-treasurer of the Molders' Union, and at present president of the Ohio State Federation of Labor and member of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor, will be named labor expert on the American commission to the Geneva economic conference, the White House announced yesterday.

Sacco and Vanzetti Must Not Die!

CUT OUT THIS CERTIFICATE AND SEND IT OR BRING IT IN WITH ONE DOLLAR

We call upon all Workers to support the 100,000 Dollar Drive of the Joint Defense and Relief Committee, Cloakmakers and Furriers.
(Signed) BEN GOLD, LOUIS HYMAN.

THE 100,000 DOLLAR FUND
ROLL CALL
Joint Defense and Relief Committee, Cloakmakers and Furriers
Room 714, 45 Union Square, New York City

I hereby contribute One Dollar to the work of freeing the imprisoned Cloakmakers and Furriers; defending their union and raising relief for their families.

Name _____ Address _____

Joint Defense & Relief Committee, Furriers & Cloakmakers, 41 Union Sq., Room 714

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Stamp books and Sustaining Fund cards have been sent to the District DAILY WORKER Agents. The attack upon our paper should be the bugle call to all friends of THE DAILY WORKER, to all Party members and readers, to enlist in THE DAILY WORKER ARMY of Sustaining Fund members. This means you. This means—do it now.



The Battle Is on

ON Tuesday, April 19 The DAILY WORKER goes to trial. There will appear in court the dollar patriots, led by Jacob Cash, representing the American Legion, the American Patriotic Society, and the other reactionary organizations, which are fighting against The DAILY WORKER.

Millions of dollars are behind these organizations. Strong business interests support them. Their object is to silence the only organ of opposition to the enemies of labor. Their aim is to crush the enemy of American imperialism. Their purpose is to destroy The DAILY WORKER.

The Ruthenberg DAILY WORKER Sustaining Fund, established for the purpose of building up the paper into a more effective weapon against American capitalism, is also to be used to fight this attack. The attack must be met vigorously. It must be met by whole-hearted support of the Sustaining Fund, not through a wish or a promise, but by an immediate and generous donation sent in with the attached blank.

Stamp books and Sustaining Fund cards have been sent to the District DAILY WORKER Agents. The attack upon our paper should be the bugle call to all friends of THE DAILY WORKER, to all Party members and readers, to enlist in THE DAILY WORKER ARMY of Sustaining Fund members. This means you. This means—do it now.

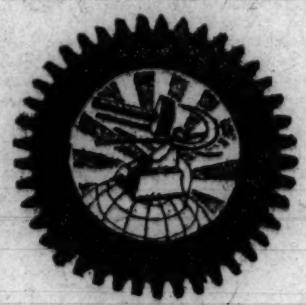
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Klan and Church in Mineola Both Anti-Labor

By MARGARET LARKIN.

In the great, palatial county court house in Mineola, Ben Gold and ten of his comrades, fighters in the vanguard of labor, are standing trial. They were denied a change of venue to another community. Supreme Court Justice Callaghan thinks that they will get "justice" in Nassau County.

Mineola and Rockville Center, where the original assault was supposed to have occurred some months ago, are curiously dead, deserted villages. They are the backwash of the office buildings of New York. Clerks and petty managers, bookkeepers who have married stenographers, three thousand dollar a year men who hang onto the fringes of Big Business, and little business men, form the bulk of the population of Nassau County.

The Commune.

They have moved to Long Island, bought one of the standardized houses put up cheaply by real estate development corporations, and settled down in the good air to bring up their families. Small storekeepers, garage men, beauty parlor operators, and ministers of the gospel have followed them to care for their bodies and souls.

There is little industrial life in the county. The people are all glad that they do not have to work in factories, or risk their lives in the building trades, or their lungs in the fur shops. They are getting up in the world, and they are very much in favor of the status quo. They are contented with their homes, their jobs, their commuting schedule, their babies, and their automobiles purchased on time. The provincial air of these villages, set down between garbage heaps only forty minutes' ride from New York, is incredible.

In Mineola the people have "real American ideas." They are vaguely alarmed at the talk that there are "a bunch of Communists" on trial in their handsome courthouse. The real estate and insurance man who helped me find the courthouse shook his head sadly over the situation. "I guess there's a lot of this radical stuff around in the country now," he grieved. "I tell you what, the American people has to protect themselves from that bolshevism. We aren't going to have anything like that going on here in Mineola. I guess old Lou Smith will see to it these fellows get what's coming to them."

Catholic Community!

The fat, toothless catholic priest and his smart young assistant were of much the same opinion. "I guess if they can prove they're Socialists, it'll go hard with them, hm?" he queried. The assistant explained that the community was strongly catholic, and the relative size and importance of the catholic real estate holdings seemed to bear him out, although this is not always an indication, since the priests are better business men for the Lord than the protestant ministers ever dare to be.

In Rockville Center, as well as in Mineola, there is much vague talk about the Ku Klux Klan. Although the general opinion among priests, protestant ministers, lawyers, radio experts, and doctors seems to be that the power of the Klan has declined in Nassau County as well as in the nation at large, there is no doubt that it holds some of its old prestige in some villages.

Born Fiery Cross.

There are periodical meetings in fields, a fiery cross is burned now and then, a Jewish garage owner had received a threatening letter some months ago, Mineola witnessed a Klan "Konklave and parade. The Klan seems dormant now, but mostly, I believe, because in that exemplary, one hundred per cent community, there is not sufficient evil doing to sustain the interest of the members. It is not inconceivable that the trial of "that bunch of Communists" might kindle the spark for a vigorous demonstration.

All Hate The Union.

Even if the actual membership of the Klan has declined, it has left behind it a residue of prejudice, hatred, and anti-Semitic and anti-radical sentiment that cannot fail to operate against the furriers. It is significant, that not one of the fifteen or twenty solid citizens whom I interviewed, was ready to state that Klan influence might not affect the fate of the men on trial. The priests declared staunchly that the Klan was "nearly dead," but I think that they were whistling in the dark.

HIRELINGS AT WORK

By EUGENE KREININ.

The innocent condemned
Hurl the lie of justice
Into the face
Of the guilty. . . .

For class rule
And its consequent justice
Has at no time
In any land under the yoke
Of capitalist oppression,
Shown its ugly criminal-sly face,
As today, in the fortress of Wall Street.

And exposed they stand
Before the thinking proletariat,
As the hired henchmen
Of the ruling class. . . .

The cry of protest
Spreads over fields and workshops:
Even beyond the heads
Of the official labor bureaucracy,
Engaged at all times
In the service of the enemy. . . .

So vicious the motive,
So criminal the attempt,
That even legality
Cannot cloak its lawlessness. . . .

And the hirelings,
Robbed for the role assigned
And conscious of their mission,
Twitch nervously at the glare of light
Thrown upon them
By the accusation
Of their victims. . . .

Moscow in October

III.—SELF-MADE COMMANDERS

The soldier comrades of the cyclist battalion which was on Lubanskaya Square came up and assembled in the streets of China Town in the night, and at day-break the Junkers opened machine gun and rifle fire from the roofs. The soldiers kept close to the walls, and retreated leaving the dead and dragging along the wounded. They brought many wounded to the Moscow Soviet.

"Comrades!" Those "cyclists" who were still living, said to us, "Give us commanders, we are losing through the lack of them."

But who could be sent to command? Some non-commissioned officer getting canned-meat out of a tin with a pen-knife, heard (so a "cyclist" told me) about the defeat in China Town. Wiping the knife on his overcoat, the non-commissioned officer said to me: "Give me the order and I will go take command."

"There is a battalion there," I replied. "I can ever command a battalion," replied the non-commissioned officer, continuing to chew a piece of cold-meat.

The order was immediately typed out on the machine by Comrade Samsonov, and the non-commissioned officer was sent off to the seat of combat as commander of the battalion.

In the evening of the same day, together with Comrade Muralov, we went over the entire buildings of the Moscow Soviet: ydrd, various out-houses, etc., and everywhere there were soldiers. Soldiers in compact crowds and parties. I came out on the Skobelev (now Soviet) Square. Some detachment of soldiers or other without a commander, was calling the roll and lining up.

"One, two, one two."

Afterwards, the soldier who stood in front cried out:

"Left turn! quick march!"

And the detachment marched off down Bryusovskiy Pereulok.

I went up to the one who was commanding, and who was marching in the front ranks. He was a pocket-marked almost hairless little man with a musical voice.

"Where are you going to?" I asked him.

"Down Brussovsky, can't you hear, the Cadets are making it hot for our fellows down there."

"How do you know, who ordered you to go there?"

"If we did not know, we would not go: our own fellows have told us, and who can give orders anyway? The officers of our regiment are over there on the side of the Cadets, can't you hear?"

I wrote down the name of the soldier and he afterwards took command of the entire Brussovsky sector.

"On the next day early in the morning, before my table there stood complete with gold epaulettes, a smartly dressed young non-commissioned officer with a little black moustache who said:

"Please give me a job at the front."

"Are you a Bolshevik?"

"Yes."

"What regiment do you belong to?"

"I came here together with the whole of our regiment from Padolsk. I am the only officer who remained with the soldiers. And now we are all at your disposition."

"And what a pity you did not come before. Things are not going well with the cyclist battalion in China Town. We had to send an unknown non-commissioned officer there."

"That does not matter, I can also go there."

"It is not convenient to change now. If you like, you can go to the Nikitskoye Vorota. Our position there in two houses." The Junkers have all the time kept up a steady fire there and this evening they tried to come up and attack."

"Alright then, I'll go there. I will take one or two fellows from our regiment. Here, this comrade," the non-commissioned officer opened the door of the headquarters and called a

"The soldiers called all their enemies 'cadets,' no matter whether they were Junkers, officers, volunteers, students or any other defenders of the old order."

"It was these that were afterwards burnt by the Junkers. But one of them, we think, has already been restored and the Timiryazev Statute erected in the place of the other."

THE END.

Now a trade union house (on the Soviet Square) and at that time nearly always occupied by prisoners.

THE END.

THE END.

THE END.

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Anthell: Composer of the Machine Age

By A. B. MAGIL.

The body of Anthell is short. His straight, hay-colored hair curves obediently over his head. His nose is full and gently upturned at the end. His solemn, firm lips are slightly snarling. The color of his eyes I could not see.

The torso of Anthell bows. The audience applauds, shouts, gesticulates, waves handkerchiefs.

At Carnegie Hall, New York, on Sunday evening, April 10, George Anthell, the twenty-six year-old Trenton boy composer who had conquered eclectic Paris, hurled his new and defiant music at the standpatters, the pedants, the concert lobbyists, the serious students, the worshippers of his native land.

The standpatters shuddered. Ugh, how barbarous! Many of them left before the concert was over. Others, from their exalted towers in the press, sprinkled the music of Anthell with good-humored condescension.

The music of Anthell is rigidly contemporaneous. It is rooted firmly in the machine, in jazz, in the mechanical rhythms of our hypermechanistic age. It is a sophisticated music, but sophistication is its dress, neither flesh nor bone. And its core there springs a massive energy, an overwhelming sense of life.

And the music of Anthell has learned how to laugh, to stick out its tongue and thumb its nose. How much of laughter is there in the music of the past? The austere Beethoven sometimes in the scherzos of his symphonies permitted himself a little laughter, playfully without impudence. Can anyone imagine Brahms laughing?

In his Sonata for Violin, Piano and Drum Anthell laughs a suave, satirical laughter, poking fun at sentimental banalities, the sob melodies of a bygone day.

The Jazz Symphony. Negro leaping naked and sardonic, syncretized perpendicularly, without curves. It is jazz ferocious and strong, animal-like, nothing soft, nothing languorous.

And then the Ballet Mecanique, Anthell's most daring work. No wonder the audience shouted, laughed, jeered, hissed while the great tread of the music plunged on relentlessly. The Ballet Mecanique is a gigantic mechanical chorus, a pounding of mighty hammers of sound. This huge, infinite whirling of wheels, the roar of machinery, the scream of an aeroplane, bells ringing madly, a monster of sound leaping upon the brain—it is too much for human nerves. Under this insistent tonal attrition, the sublimated madness and ferocity of the machine age, human nerves give way—they require some psychological exhaust valve.

No wonder the audience shouted, laughed, jeered, hissed. While the bodies of the players at the pianos swayed in a cataleptic rhythm and Anthell pumped away daskly at his mechanical piano.

The music of Anthell is a mass music. This is in contradistinction to the music that has been dominant since Beethoven—the music of personality. The music of Stravinsky is also a mass music, but Stravinsky goes back largely to the past for his inspiration—to primitive sex worship in "Le Sacre de Printemps," to a folk tale in "L'Oiseau de Feu." Anthell's music, however, is an expression, a magnified sublimation of the mechanistic life of our day.

Both Stravinsky and Anthell have an extraordinary sense of rhythm. But Anthell has gone even further than Stravinsky, his rhythms are more subtly manipulated. He can be gentle or crushing, he can be keen and precise as a whip, he can be treacherously ingratiating.

Compared to the Jazz Symphony, George Gershwin's Concerto in F is sentimental and texturally flabby. Compared to the Ballet Mecanique, Honnegger's impressions of a locomotive, Pacific 231, is a mere mechanical toy.

Anthell sitting at the piano is rapt and inexorable. His hands rise and fall on the keys like cool pistons, plunge and hiss, plunge and hiss. And they beat out a lean, uncompromising music that is swift and terribly alive.

Returning to our little room at headquarters after making the round, I found a soldier there who was to have been the liaison between us at Q. and Ensign Reutov. This soldier was smothered in mud and talking off his grey fur hat, wiped the sweat that was running in stream from his forehead.

"Non-commissioned officer Reutov is killed," the messenger said to me. "Comrade Reutov commanded, went from one house to the other where our soldiers were stationed. We made a sally out of one house against the Cadets on two occasions. And nothing happened. And just a little while ago he came into the house where our detachment was stationed—on the third floor. A stray bullet got him in the nut. He fell down straight on the spot without a word. The soldiers were on the verge of tears especially our regiment."

And all the time, something was trickling down the face of the narrator towards his chin, both dirt, sweat, and perhaps tears.

The soldiers carried Comrade Reutov's corpse gently away from the fighting zone.

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With the Young Worker

YOUNG MINERS! FIGHT LIKE HELL FOR VICTORY!

Bituminous miners! You are on strike—160,000 strong—to preserve your wage scale and your living standards which you won after many long struggles in the past. The aim of the operators is to wreck the miners' union and to reduce the miners to a condition of practical slavery.

In this strike the entire life of the union is at stake. AT THIS MOMENT THE OPERATORS THINK THEY SEE AN OPPORTUNITY TO DESTROY THE UNION COMPLETELY AND MAKE THE COAL INDUSTRY OPEN SHOP.

Despite the fact that the average miner works only part time throughout the year and must support a family and maintain a home, the operators wish to cut your wages. In their offensive to eliminate the union their first attack is at the present wage scale of \$7.50 which they wish to reduce by \$2.00 per day.

As a giant stride towards wrecking the union, the cry of district agreements has been raised. Unfortunately for the miners this is the desire not only of the operators but has also been expressed by President Lewis. District agreements are only the first step towards complete destruction of the effectiveness of the union as an instrument of struggle on behalf of the coal miners and must be resisted just as vigorously as wage cuts.

Youth In The Mining Industry.

The young miner is an important factor in the mining industry. At an early age you experience the hazards of the industry generally but in addition you occupy the most dangerous jobs in the mine, such as trappers, coners, spraggers, grasers, trap riders, etc. Accidents are common in these jobs and at the same time we find that the jobs you work at receive less wages than your adult brother in the mine.

Three Dangers. NUMBER ONE. The operators are enemies of the miners. They are out to destroy the union and to reduce the wages and worsen your conditions. The miners' strike must be turned into a militant offensive against the operators—weak policies must be replaced by fighting policies.

NUMBER TWO. In past strikes every force at the command of the operators has been mobilized against the miners, including the government, all the way from the federal government at Washington, D. C., to the local militia. The police, the state constabulary, the militia and even the national troops were mobilized against the miners. Now too, the courts will turn out injunctions and imprison miners for fighting the dirty scabs and for picketing the mines. The miners must appeal to their brothers in the militia.

"Don't Break Our Strike!" NUMBER THREE. Any attempts on the part of the union officials or anybody else to disrupt the fighting morale of the strikers by raising the cry of "District agreements," "Work while negotiations are proceeding," etc., must be fought vigorously. The rank and file of the miners themselves must organize RANK AND FILE COMMITTEES to cope with the situation and mobilize the forces for a 100 per cent strike and conduct a victorious struggle.

How To Win The Strike! The miners must show thru their actions and activity that they are prepared to resist any attempts coming either from the operators or from Lewis to force a reduction in wages or district agreements which mean a step in the direction of destruction of the union.

Organize The Unorganized. The fact that so many thousands of miners are unorganized is a standing menace to the wages, hours and conditions of the unionized miners. The only effective way to insure victory is a united front of all miners against the bosses. Not only must the miners demand that their officers institute a campaign for the organization of these non-union miners, but the rank and file themselves, and especially the young miner, must undertake this task.

No District Agreements. For years the miners have fought district agreements. District agreements mean surrender to the operators. Anyone advocating district agreements must be branded as a traitor to the interests of the miners.

National Unity. The anthracite miners, also not immediately affected by this strike must realize that once wages of the bituminous strikers are reduced and the union eliminated, their turn will be next. The anthracite miners must stand solid and give their utmost support to a victorious strike.

Pull Out The Maintenance Men. The maintenance men are key men in the industry. The union must call out the maintenance men and in this way make the strike 100 per cent effective against the bosses.

International Solidarity. While the officials of the U. M. W. of A. expressed little solidarity in their strike, the American miners today must appeal to the miners of all countries to join with them in their struggle and raise the slogan, "MINE NO COAL FOR AMERICA WHILE THE STRIKE IS ON!"

The interests of all the miners demand an equalization of wages thru the raising of the lower paid jobs to the same level as the higher paid jobs. As an immediate step towards this equalization of wages, the young miners must demand that the union consider raising all jobs at present paying \$4.00 and \$4.50 per day, to \$5.00 and \$5.50 per day respectively.

Onward To Victory! The Young Workers (Communist) League calls upon the young miners to stand solid in the struggle—to be in the forefront and lead onward to victory. The Y. W. L. calls upon all workers—young and old—to stand by the miners in their moment of struggle and to be ready to support them in their struggle to preserve their wages and living conditions as well as their fighting organization.

A 100% Strike! Organize the Unorganized! No District Agreements! Withdraw the Maintenance Men! No Wage Cuts! No Arbitration! Support from the Anthracite Miners! Onward to Victory!

National Executive Committee, Young Workers (Communist) League of America.

Line o' Type or Two. I know a guy named Steve McCrutch That always helps to put us in Dutch He works all day and works all night And hasn't the courage to put up a fight.

Headline in N. Y. Times—Moscow supports organizations of liberal clubs in colleges by subsidies of hundreds of thousands of dollars—"Blah."

The Poor Fish says: There is nothing that my boss loves more in a young man than loyalty to his employer.

Sign In The Subway: Join the C. M. T. C. and get a month's vacation.

Young Straphanger: "Where did I hear that before?"

Militarism In Our Local High School. The R. O. T. C. (Reserve Officers Training Corp) in the New Utrecht High School was organized about a year ago under the auspices of two military officers sent to give the course. Since that time there has been an ever increasing amount of propaganda done for this organization. On more than one occasion military officers have visited the school and have spoken to the student body at assemblies urging them to join the organization. At one assembly when two officers came, one gave a speech and presented a flag to the R. O. T. C. of N. U. H. S. The other urged the older students to go to the C. M. T. C. Our principal, Dr. Potter, has also spoken. He says that it is not compulsory, that it is not for the purpose of war (for what other purpose are students taught to march and drill with an

eight pound gun similar to those used in the World War). He also has emphasized the physical benefits to be derived from such training. He has even gone so far as to allow credit towards graduation to any student who should join and attend the twice weekly meetings of the R. O. T. C. By doing this he has made military training as important as drawing or music. Two hours of drawing a week taken for two years gives a student a point towards graduation, a similar amount of time given to military training shall also give a student one point towards graduation as well as any favor that the principal can grant him, so says the principal. So you see military training has been made a subject for study in N. U. H. S. and any student who falls for the propaganda, which is continually going on, can have his school program so arranged that it shall be possible for him to take a course in military training.

There are about one hundred students who have already joined this organization out of almost 6000. Even such a small percentage is too much for there are always chances for its growth.

Yet Coolidge speaks of disarmament when such organizations C. M. T. C. and R. O. T. C. (its junior branch) are provided for by the National Defense Act of 1916. As H. W. Fleet Lieutenant Colonel, Infantry says in a letter to Dr. Potter of N. U. H. S. the camps C. M. T. C. are a part of the National Defense Act, and their primary mission is to build up the manhood of the Nation, on which, in a national emergency the preservation of our institution will rest.

Remember in case of a "National Emergency."

—BEN LITWAK.

Cow Annexes a Few Records



Miss Pauline Ayres with Fair Oakes de Vrie Nelly, southern California's bovine aristocrat that has set a record of 1,000 pounds of butter and 23,000 pounds of milk in 365 days. The cow, owned by Frank Pelissier of Whittier, Calif., is grand champion of the state and the only one to defeat the all-American champ last year.

SEND IN YOUR LETTERS

The DAILY WORKER is anxious to receive letters from its readers stating their views on the issues confronting the labor movement. It is our hope to develop a "Letter Box" department that will be of wide interest to all members of The DAILY WORKER family. Send in your letter today to "The Letter Box," The DAILY WORKER, 33 First street, New York City.

SACCO-VANZETTI MEETING SNAPSHOTS

By CHARLES YALE HARRISON

A hard-boiled mounted cop viewing the enthusiastic demonstration with utter contempt.

Workers' Party worker arguing with a couple of snap necktie kibbos about the innocence of Sacco and Vanzetti and convincing them to the extent of their purchasing:

2 copies of The DAILY WORKER.
1 copy of Frankfurters book.
2 signatures on the petition.
2 sheepish looks.

Scott Nearing making an appeal for readers for The DAILY WORKER and being uproariously cheered by the crowd.

The spirited ovation which greeted Gitlow as he made his appearance on the speaker's stand.

The contrasted appearance between the vendors of the New Leader, (sleek, well dressed, obviously law students breaking into a profitable field—from

the ground up), and Rufus, the unofficial Worker sales representative looking more proletarian than the proletariat.

Scores of pretty little snobs and shipping clerks out for the afternoon. Lots of them paused to look and remained to cheer.

The look of amazement on the face of a tabloid reporter when a pert little W. P. comrade buttonholed him and compelled him to sign the Sacco and Vanzetti petition.

A young Irish blue-eyed cop who kept asking "When will this party break, I want to get home—I gotta date with my girl tonight."

The impromptu demonstration held afterwards outside the offices of the Freiheit. The crowds-singing Internationale. The Freiheit staff waving red streamers and losing a shower of red confetti.